WARDNER TO STAY IN JAIL. HABEAS CORPUS REFUSED IN THE

BOSTON EDITOR'S CASE. Judge Knowlton Refers the Matter to the Full Hench of the Supreme Court-He Also Refuses to Accept Bail-The History of the Case Involving Contempt. BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 27.-Judge Knowlton of the Supreme Court refused to-day to issue a rit of habeas corpus for the release of Torry F. Wardner, editor of the Boston Traveler, serving a thirty days' sentence in Dedham Jail for contempt of court. The Judge, however, rerved the matter for the consideration of the full bench, to whom it will be submitted by

briefs on next Tuesday. Bail was also refused the petitioner. Wardner was sentenced for contempt publishing matter commenting on the case of Engineer Getchell while he was on trial for manslaughter in causing several deaths in the railroad accident at Sharon last August. On c. 20 the court, sitting at Dedham, in Norfolk county, found Getchell guilty. On Dec. 21 Mr. Wardner was arraigned before Judge Sherman, who had tried the Getchell case, on the charge of contempt of court. Judge Sherman said that in his opinion comments on the have influenced the minds of the jury had the Traveler containing the comments reached the Court House before the case was submitted for final consideration. His Honor said that he elerred to an editorial article printed on Dec. 15 entitled "A Servant's Responsibility," and the report headed "Getchell Faces a Jury." which appeared the day before. No other specific articles, so far as can be learned, were mentioned by Judge Sherman at that time. On Dec. 20, the day Getchell was sentenced

an article on the case of an editorial nature was printed on the first page of the Traceler. and on Dec. 21, the day Mr. Wardner appeared before the court, an editorial article was printed, "The Getchell Conviction." in appeared the words quoted in THE SUN this morning. These last two articles were not mentioned by Judge Sherman at the hearing Dec. 21, but the Judge said at that time on Dec. 21, but the Judge said at that time that the publication of such articles as he had mentioned was not in line with good judgment.

"Do I understand by that," said Mr. Wardner, "that the Judges of the court will proceed to edit the Boston newspapers?"

Judge Sherman replied that he considered that an impertinent question. The case was continued to Dec. 23, and at that time Mr. Wardner was sentenced to thirty days in jail. In passing sentence Judge Sherman referred particularly to the article headed, "A Servant's Responsibility." He said that if the defendant had shown any disposition to express regret particularly to the article headed. "A Servant's Responsibility." He said that if the defendant had shown any disposition to express regret for the publications or to admit that they were not warranted the result might have been different. Judge Sherman's charge seems to have been founded aimost wholly upon this one article. After reciting in brief the news facts in the Getchell case the editorial article said:

"The prosecuting attorney expects to prove that Engineer Getchell failed to attempt to check his train until it was too late to bring it to a stop and prevent the accident. To the ordinary citizen it would seem that it will not be an easy matter to prove this and so shift the responsibility of the accident from the railread corporation to a servant of the road a thing which it is very desirable, from the standpoint of the corporation, should be done.

"It was brought out in the evidence that Getchell's regular duties consisted of running a shifting engine in the yard at Mansfeld, and that he was put in charge of a heavily laden passenger train without having had much experience at that work and without familiarity with the road over which the train was run. It may well be imagined that it would be impossible for a man so circumstanced to be responsible, through inexperience and not through any fault or neglect, for an accident. But no one would fail to relieve him of moral or legal responsibility in such a case and to place the blame where it would belong—upon those who intrusted to an inexperienced man such one-ous duties.

"A witness who was on the engine with

claime where it would belong—upon those who intrusted to an interperienced man such onerous duties.

"A witness who was on the engine with Getchell testified yesterday that he saw no red light or fuse as the train ran into Sharon station. The first intimation he had that there was to be a collision was when the engineer reversed his engine, and he could then see the rar end of the first section of the train. This witness, as well as the fireman, testified that the application of the brakes did not seem to affect the train's speed. This renders certain one of two things: either that the brakes did not wow well or that the engineer did not know how to operate them. In either case, who is to blame? Certainly not Engineer Getchell, for if he was inexperienced in the use of the air brake he is not to be censured, but the fault lies with the road official who allowed him to operate the train.

"From the, evidence thus far given it is probable that the results of the trial will be in Getchell's favor. The responsibility may never be fixed."

At the hearing this morning before Judga

hearing this morning before Judge Mr. Wardner was represented by his

At the hearing this morning before Judge Knowlton Mr. Wardner was represented by his brother. G. Philip Wardner, William Schofield, and Judge Harriman. The petitioner's side of the case was summed up by Mr. Schofield, who contended that the Superior Court had no jurisdiction in the matter. He said the article complained of was published in Suffok county, and that the Superior Court was sitting in Norfolk county. He thought that the petitioner should have been held in the county where the offence was committed. He maintained that if any wrong had been done, the petitioner was entitled to a trial by jury. He said he thought an opportunity should have been given to the petitioner to show that the jury could not have seen the article, inasmuch as the case was given to it at 3:50, and that the edition sent to Dedham never reached there until 4:20. Counsel asserted that the jury must have seen another article, and not the one complained of.

For the Common wealth Assistant District Attorney Shultz said that if the record set forth sufficient ground for the finding of the Superior Court, the petitioner was guilty of contempt, and the court was justified in inflicting punishment. The matter, he said, was one of jurisdiction. He argued that the court had jurisdiction. He also referred to Mr. Wardner's deflant attitude when he appeared before the Superior Court.

BUSINESS TROUBLES. Two Uptown Dry Goods Stores Close Their

Doors After Christmas. Marcus C. Spencer and Charles H. Lane (M C. Spencer & Co.), dealers in dry goods at 144 and 146 West 125th street, made an assignment yesterday to Charles M. Allen of Bayonne without preference. They opened a big store on Oct. 29, 1895, and put in a stock which was estimated at from \$200,000 to \$250,000. Bradstreet's never gave them any capital rating. Their attorney says they are solvent. A statement of their financial condition made in Ser

tember last showed assets \$352,000 and liabilities \$125,000, surplus \$223,000. Assignee Allen says be understands that the liabilities noware about \$159,000 and that it is possible that the store will reopen. about \$180,000 and that it is possible that the store will reopen.
Charles II. Lane, who is the principal capitalist of the concern, said that had holiday weather and the pressure of creditors for a settlement were the causes of the failure. Mr. Lane is hopeful that the firm will be able to resume business. The firm employed 250 hands. It had paid out \$40,000 within the past month but creditors were still insistent and it became necessary to closes.

George T. Higgons, who has a dry goods department store at 800 and 802 Columbus avenue, corner of Ninety-ninth street, made an assignment yesterday to Wilder P. Pray without preference. He found the holiday trade disappointing.

out preference. He found the holiday trade disappointing. Hopkins & Co. (James B. and Laura E. Hopkins & Co. (James B. and Laura E. Hopkins & Co. (James B. and Laura E. Hopkins dealers in pictures and artists' materials is 140 West Forty-second street, made an as-Jignment vesterday to Edward Willmann.
Joseon Green, dealer in diamonds and jew-lipyat 426 Sixth avenue, made an assignment yesterday to Jacob Levine.
Deputy Sheriff Radley received an execution yesterday against Emil Callman, dealer in Floves at 245 Sixth avenue and 28 West Four-teenth street, for \$723 in favor of Goldschmidt, Bacharzach & Co. and the Sheriff took out the stock in both places. Callman had floor space in two dry goods stores at the above addresses.

dresses.

Morris Schottlaender, dealer in jewelry at 50 hassau street and 181 Fulton street, flied a petition in hankruptcy yesterday and closed up both stores. His schedules show liabilities \$11,600 and assets \$6,050.

HAD SILVERWARE MARKED "E. B. H. Harry Brown Arrested Trying to Dispose of It in a Hariem Pawnshop.

Detectives James Grey and William Wilkesman were walking along Third avenue yesterday, between 115th and 118th streets, when they noticed a man enter a pawnshop with a oundle under his arm. His actions were sus picious, and the detectives started after him. picious, and the detectives started after him. He tried to run away, but was caught. He told several conflicting stories, and they took him to the East 104th street station. There he said he was Harry Brown, 42 years old, of 235 East Seventy-second street. He said a young man had given him the bundle to pawn.

In the hundle was a lot of silverware marked "E. B. H." In the man's pockets were letters addressed to H. Kieley, 2000 Third avenue. There was also a letter from the Actors Fund of America, addressed to Harry Brown, in which it stated his application for membership to the Fund had been accepted. He was lested up.

PHILADELPHIA RECORD BARNINGS. Effort to Show That the Singerly Creditors

Have Not Been Treated Fairly. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27.-Two newspapers of this city have begun a fight publicly of the creditors of the Chestnut Street National Bank and the Chestnut Trust and Savings Fund Company, who had a guarantee of gradual repayment of their losses out of the earn-ings of the Becord Publishing Company, under a plan for the readjustment and retirement of the personal indebtedness of the late William M. Singerly, the owner of the Record, who was the President of the two hopelessly wrecked Institutions. The plan of readjustment included the issue of \$4,000,000 of stock of three classes, capitalized out of the Record plant. It was made before the death of Mr. Singerly last February, by George H. Earle, Jr., President of the Tradesmen's National Bank and of the Finance Company of Pennsylvania, and Richard Y. Cook, President of the Guarantee Trust

Company. The plan, having been tacitly accepted by the creditors of all the Singerly interests, em-bracing the bank, the trust company, and the Record newspaper, with its allied business enterprises, became operative, and Messrs. Earle and Cook were constituted trustees and assumed the management of the Singerly property and estate, to the end of extinguishing the debt, something like a total of \$2,600,000. Mesera, Earle and Cook applied their energies at once to the practical features of the plan, their first step being to take up a heavy mortgage indebtedness against the Record plant held by P. A. B. Widener and William I. Elkins, to keep the entire management of the property in their own hands. After a lapse of eight or nine months there is no evidence that the earnings of the Record Publishing Company have been used in liquidating the claims of depositors at the Chestnut Street Bank and Trust Company. Parts of these claims have been discharged out of the assets of the wrecked institutions. In recent interviews Mesera Earle and Cook have been publicly quoted as saying that the earnings of the Record plant have been the subject of exaggeration, and the statement is imputed to Mr. Earle that the present indications of the Record are less than \$100,000 a year. An expert accountant from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency at Washington, who made an examination of the books of the Record Company for the information of the Comptroller at the time the proposed scheme of readjustment was under discussion, reported that the pet earnings for five years preceding the date of the examination averaged \$238,000.

The Ecening Telegraph publishes to-night in extenso the report furnished by a private accountant to Drexel & Co. on Dec. 7, 1897, sixteen days before the crash of the Singerly bank, at a time when propositions were made to relieve the distress of Mr. Singerly's affairs by the aid of other banks. This report was exhaustive and authentic, and showed the average net Income of the Record for five years up to that date to have been \$243,000 a year, \$5,000 in excess of that shown by the special accountant of the Comptroller of the Currency.

In publishing this detailed report the implication is broadly made that the managers of the Re Earle and Cook were constituted trustees and assumed the management of the Singerly prop-

OUR MERCHANT MARINE.

Senator Hanna Thinks His Subsidy Bill Will Pass This Congress Session.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 27.-Senator Hanna has announced that he expects his bill for the proection of the American merchant marine to be passed during this session of Congress. The majority of the Senators, he says, are favorable toward the measure, and he thinks the Representatives will pass the bill. The bill was introduced in the Senate last week by Mr. Hanna, and provides that subsidies shall be paid to certain freight-carrying vessels built in America. The object of the bill is " to encourage Americans in transacting relations of a ommercial character with the people of foreign nations in American bottoms." The bill stipulates, however, that all vessels on which the subsidy is to be paid shall in part be constructed according to specifications furnished by the Navy Department.

"I think the merchant marine interests of the United States should have protection as well as the steel interests," said Senator Hanna. "Here we are exporting steel to all parts of the world, and especially to England, simply because we have given that industry protection. Several generations ago the American tion. Several generations ago the American merchant marine would compare favorably with the commerce-carrying vessels of other countries of the world, but latterity we have been dropping behind, until at present only of per ceut. of the American freight is carried in American bottoms. The cause for this condition lies largely in the fact that England, Germany, France and the other European countries have protected their maritime interests by granting the vessel companies subsidies. The only natural thing for us to do if we wish to build up our maritime interests is do the

to build up our maritime interests is do no same thing."

Senator Hanna said that vessels built accord-ing to specifications furnished by the Navy De-partment could be used, in case of war, to make up the auxiliary navy upon payment of satisfactory compensation to the owners. The specifications, Senator Hanna said, aimply re-lated to the construction of the hull and the speed of the vessels.

PIVE YEARS FOR YOUNG STREETER. The Drunken Quarrel Which Ended in

Drobeny's Death-Spencer Goes Free. NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 27,-Warren Streeter and Joseph Spencer, who have been confined in the Somerville jail charged with the murder of William Drobeny at Bound Brook last October, were brought here to-day and arraigned before Justice Collins on indictments of murder found by the recent Grand Jury. They were accompanied by their counsel, ex-Congressman Alvah Clark of Somerville. Under advice, Streeter pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the second degree. Mr. Clark recounted how Streeter, Spencer and Drobeny had been drinking together on the night of Drobeny's death and said that Drobeny had made several insulting remarks to Streeter in the saloons, and afterward followed him up with more insults. The men fought, and Streeter slashed Drobeny three times with a pocket knife. Drobeny fell, and Streeter and Spencer, in their drunken condition, tried to get him up but did not succeed. Drobeny was left in the roadway and died. Streeter and Spencer, unconscious of Drobeny's fate, went to the Bound Brook railroad station and fell asleep. They were arrested there later. ville. Under advice. Streeter pleaded guilty of

there later.
The Justice sentenced Streeter to five years hard labor in State prison. Spencer was dis-

DR. LATSON BURNED OUT. Women Escape Wrapped in Portieres and

Overcoats. An old-fashloned three-story frame house in Franklin avenue, near Prospect avenue, New Brighton, Staten Island, occupied by Dr. W. R. C. Latson as a sanitarium, was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The house was owned by John M. Pendleton of New Brighton. In the house at the time were Dr. Latson, his In the house at the time were Dr. Latson, his sister and mother and a man servant about 60 years of age. There were no patients in the house. Dr. Latson was reading in his room on the second floor until after 3 o'clock in the morning. He went into the bathroom at 3:30 o'clock and was met by a volume of smoke. He ran to awaken his mother and sister. He then rushed to the third floor to get his servant out of bed. He could not awaken him by knocking and was compelled to break in the door. Mrs. Latson and her daughter wrapped overcoat and portleres about themselves and were carried by Latson and the servant to a neighbor's house.

\$5,000 Worth of Windows for St. Peter's

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 27 .- Twelve hand some Favrille glass windows, said to have cost more than \$5,000, have just been placed in St. Peter's Episcopal Church in this village. The Peter's Episcopal Church in this village. The windows are the gift of a person whose name the rector, the Rev. Charles Edward Brugier, and the wardens are carefully guarding from publicity. Rector Brugier, at the service yesterday, announced to the congregation that he would gratify its curiosity. He told them it was Santa Claus who had given the windows to the church. The caurch has received nearly \$25,000 in gifts in the past year.

Lehigh Valley Brakeman Killed. While Henry Kilcauley, a brakeman on the Lehigh Valley Bailroad, was working on a train in the freight yards at Washington street, Jersey City, last evening, he feil under the wheels and was killed. He was a son of former Detective Michael Kilcauley, a well-known Democratic politician.

OUR PROBLEMS OF STATE. PROF. A. T. HADLEY SPEAKS ON OUR

FUTURE GOVERNMENT. nsion Means Bondjustment on Many Lines and the Necessity of Consult-ing Historical and Economic Experis-The World Will Watch This Nation.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 27.-One hunared of America's and England's leading students in political economy and history gathered in onial Hall this evening to open the annual meeting of the American Economic and Historical associations. The hall was filled with residents of this city and delegates. President Dwight opened the meeting by delivering an address of welcome, and the President of the economic association, Prof. Arthur T. Hadley of Yale, delivered his annual address. His theme was, "The Belation Between Economics and Politics." Prof Hadley touched on timely

topies. He said: ment and legislation is not only less than it should be to-day, but less than it many times had been in the past. Our practical politicians and by practical politics we do not mean foul politics-have an ill-concealed contempt for a class of men whom they regard as theorists and visionaries. In individual cases they scemtimes ask the advice of economists and -more rarely-take it. The application of civil service examinations as a means of filling administrative offices has not mended matters in this respect. Rather has it emphasized the lack of influence of economic science on governmental practice, for it has filled our public service with men technically trained in other branches of knowledge rather than that which we represent.

"The very excellence of this work only emphasizes the contrast between the subordinate position and precarious influence which is today accorded them and the commanding places attained by economists of the earlier generation. Where can we find among our younger men those who are succeeding to the inheritance of Walker and Wells, of Charles Francis Adams and Horace White?

"The days of legislative debate are numbered, if they are not already ended. Congresses and Parliaments have been compelled to abandon their watchword of free speech, and to adopt in one form or another the prin-

consists and Parliaments have been compelled to abandon their watchword of free speech, and to adopt in one form or another the principle of closure. For the actual conduct of public business the Legislature is at once an unwieldy and irresponsible body. Instead of co-operation in the general interests. Under the current system or political ethics there is, in fact, a direct antagonism between the theory of economics and the practical working of representative government.

When we were only governing ourselves we could leave Congress to make what laws it pleased and trust to the good sense and oblitical education of the American people to prevent irreparable damage. But we now, have to deal with people who have not this good sense and this political education. More than that, we have to deal with them in the sight of all the world, and in the face of hostile powers who will be only too ready to make our misgovernment a pretext for interference. We can no longer content ourselves with the laxness of method which has characterized our dealings with the inhabitants of our Western Territories.

"The need of an efficient army will of itself make it necessary to give more independence to the Administration and more opportunity to its expert advisers. The need for a government of our new colonies which shall recognize the principle of trusteeship rather than of spoliation must conduce yet more strongly toward the same results. The need of increased public revenue to mest our larger administrative expenditures will render it necessary to subordinate the demands of the several districts to the general necessities of the country. With no colonies and a small army we could do what we pleased with our revenue bills. With larger possessions and larger necessities for defence, they must be framed by a responsibile administration on a sound economic basis.

"Just how this change of governmental methods will come about no one can venture to predict. That we shall adopt the English system of Cabinet responsibility seems unlikel

PRISONER'S CELL DOOR LEFT OPEN. John Kane Escapes from the East Fiftyfirst Street Station.

A prisoner walked out of a cell in the East
Fifty-first street police station yesterday morning and has not been recaptured. He was
John Kane, a soldier in Battery L of the Fifth
United States Artillery, and lives in Brooklyn.
He was found on Monday night in Fortysecond street, too drunk to navigate, the police say, so they locked him up. As all the cells were occupied in the station house, he was put into cell No. 1 with another man, who was under arrest for a misdemeanor. Early yesterday morning there came a bondsman to bail out the latter, and he was set free. Probably

the doorman neglected to slam the door. Half an hour later when he made his round the cell was empty.

Doorman Schmermund gave the alarm, and Acting Sergeant Breen, who was at the desk, had the station house searched, but the soldier was not there. The doorman, working around the house, had very likely left the prison door open, so that, once out of his cell, the prisoner easily reached the yard. After that there were two ways of escape—one by way of a fire escape that scaled the thirty-five-foot walls, the other by boldly walking out through the men's room and the station house. The latter was the easiest, of course. If he took that, then the Sergeant who should be behind the desk was liable to charges for neglect of duty. The Sergeant was positive that he did not take that way. The doorman was equally positive that this could not have been. So there was only the fire escape left. Charges will be made against the doorman, and the soldiers will be a witness if he is found. His address is known, and upon his testimony will depend the fate of the Sergeant, too.

KEROSENE ON THE HOT RANGE Powhatan Employees Who Were to Be Dis

missed Arrested for Arson. Edward Moore, proprietor of the Powhatan apartment house and private hotel at Hicks and Orange streets, Brooklyn, yesterday fore-noon notified the police that he intended to discharge some of his help and in anticipation of trouble requested that a couple of officers of trouble requested that a couple of officers should be sent around. A few minutes after Policemen Meeks and Orr had reached the hotel a fire was discovered in the kitchen, but it was quickly put out through their efforts. A deliberate attempt apparently had been made to fire the building by filling a pan with kerosene oil and placing it on the range. After a hasty investigation the bolicemen arrested Thomas Casseries, the chef. of 33 East Thirty-fourth street: James Bates, a kitchen hand, and his son, Charles Bates, as a Carbonas Harris, a negro employee, on suspicion of arson. Casseries was in a neighboring saloon when the fire occurred and denied all knowledge of the occurrence. He was not included among the employees booked for discharge and Mr. Moore believes he had no hand in starting the fire. It was decided, however, to hold all the prisoners pending an inquiry by Fire Marshal Brymer.

George Gunsett, who lives in the Mills Hotel. No. 2. at Rivington and Chrystie streets, was arraigned before Magistrate Mott in the Centre Street Court yesterday charged with swindling a number of hardware dealers in swindling a number of hardware dealers in this city by forging the names of men em-ployed in many of the large hotels and obtain-ing goods on the credit of the hotels. Gunsett was arraigned under the name of Henry St. Clair, which he gave to the detectives at the time of his arrest. The specific charge against Gunsett is the forging of the name of Chief Engineer Porter of the Hotel Majestic to an order on H. B. Worthington of 120 Liberty street for goods valued at \$19.50. Gunsett pleaded guilty to the charge and was held in \$1,000 ball for trial.

Young Stroh Missing for Six Days.

Henry S. Strob, a cigarmaker of Woodward and Greene avenues, Wyckoff Heights, Ridgewood, L. I., reported to the police yesterday wood is reported to the place year-old son and namesake had been missing for six days. Stroh sent the boy to Brooklyn last Wednesday to purchase \$8 worth of revenue stamps and to make a cash payment of \$72. These errands were performed. The boy had, it is thought, about \$10 of his own money with him, and foul play is feared. KAYA HER MOTHER BEAT HER.

Birs, Tate Also Accuses Her Sister, Who, She A woman, perhaps 30 years old, more than ordinarily good looking and handsomely dressed, appeared before Magistrate Cornell in the Harlem Police Court on Sunday morning for a summons for her mother. The same woman, accompanied by one of the law firm of Fromme Brothers and a colored maid, appeared before the same court yesterday morning. The woman gave her name as Mrs. Viola Tate of 143 West 116th street. After talking with the Magistrate for some time, the woman, her

maid and her lawyer left the court. Yesterday afternoon a reporter of THE SUN learned from Mr. Fromme that Mrs. Tate had complained on Sunday of an assault, which, she alleged, had been committed upon her by her mother. Mrs. Mary Tate of 3 East 115th treet. Yesterday, according to Mr. Fromme, she complained that her stater, Mrs. Soulé, who lives somewhere in Thirty-fifth street, had also assaulted her. The story of the trouble in the Tate family as told by Mr. Fromme, is, in substance, as follows:

The elder Mrs. Tate is the mother of five children, one son, George, aged 18, and four daughters. George, Mary, 25, and Kate, 20, live with their mother. For some time, according to Mr. Fromme, Mrs. Viola Tate has practically supported her mother, her brother and her sisters. Mr. Fromme says that his client finally tired of providing her family with funds, especially since neither her mother, brother nor staters seemed inclined to provide for themselves.

funds, especially since neither her mother, brother nor sisters seemed inclined to provide for themselves.

On last Friday morning, according to the lawyer, the eider Mrs. Tate called upon the younger Mrs. Tate and stated that the rent for the elder woman's apartment was due, and that she wanted the money. Mrs. Viola Tate replied that she had tired of supporting the family, suggested that her brother or some of her sisters be asked to contribute, and then retused the mother's request. The remarks of the daughter angered the mother, and, so Mr. Fromme savs, the mother picked up a piece of statuary and with it knocked the daughter down, after which she kicked the daughter for the same afternoon, according to the lawyer, the mother returned, accompanied by Mrs. Soulé. The request for rent money was renewed an't refused, whereupon Mrs. Soulé took a horsewhip from the folds of her dress and proceeded to thrash the younger Mrs. Tate. Mrs. Viola Tate's colored maid. Cora Williams, separated the three women and succeeded in getting the mother and Mrs. Soulé out of the apartment.

Mrs. Viola Tate's known where she lives as

ceeded in getting the mother and Mrs. Soulé
out of the apartment.
Mrs. Viola Tate is known where she lives as
Mrs. A. B. Tate. Who her husband is does
not appear. She was not at her home yesterday and a neighbor said she had not been
there since the day of the assault. Mrs. Tate,
the mother, was seen at her home yesterday
afternoon, but refused to disense the case.
One of the daughters living with their mother
is reported to have said that when all the facts
are known it will be seen that Mrs. Viola Tate
deserved horsewhipping.

BUFFALO GAS INJUNCTION Dissolved by Justice Cohen-Minority Can't

The temporary injunction which Oscar G. Rafferty, George T. Hanning, and Charles Ott-man obtained restraining the Buffalo City Gas Company from taking over the People's Gas Light and Coke Company, another gas company of Buffalo, has been dissolved by Justice Cohen of the Supreme Court on condition that a bond be given to the plaintiffs in the sum of \$15,000 to secure any loss on the stock of the plaintiffs in the Buffalo City Gas Company. It is alleged that the Buffalo City Gas Company is in a flourishing condition, making \$50,000 a year net, and that the other company is in poor flanctal condition, having only ten miles of line and 200 consumers. The proposition was to purchase the Feople's Gas Light and Coke Company for \$3,700,000 in securities of the purchasing company, although the plaintiffs say the assets of the Feople's Gas Light and Coke Company are not worth more than \$400,000. Justice Cohen says:

"It seems to me the transaction in question is merely one of business propriety, and, while there may be a difference of opinion as to the best course to be pursued, since the minority stockholders are only a small proportion of the total, it does not seem equitable to enjoin the majority stockholders in this instance." \$15,000 to secure any loss on the stock of the

CUT OFF HIS GUEST'S RIGHT EAR. Philip Clark Used a Saw on Michael Hes-

Philip Clark of 304 Henry street was archarged with sawing off Michael Hession's right ear. Clark held a Christmas tree cele bration on Monday night, and among the guesta was Hession. Late in the evening they had a fight. It was caused according to the police by Hession's conduct in hugging one of the girls at the party. Clark was worsted in the fight. The police say he shock hands with Hession and said: "Moike, let bygones be bygones. You are my friend and I don't want to do a thing to you."

Hession continued to drink and finally fell to the floor.

EGGS FOR AN INVALID.

The Difference Between Warm Fresh and Cold Fresh Explained in Court. Simon Kaplan, a resident of the Brownsville district in Brooklyn, was before Magistrate Brenner in the Adams Street Court yesterday on the complaint of the Health authorities for seeping chickens without the necessary

permit.

"I keep the chickens, your Honor," he said, "for their eggs. My son is very ill, and he can-not speak in the morning until he gets a fresh-laid egg. The eggs my son needs must be warm fresh, not cold fresh."

The accused also presented this:

The accused also presented time:
This it to certify that I have attended Charles
Explan of Blake avenue, corner Watkins street, for
the past two years. He has been drinking fresh laid
eggs avery morning. I further certify that this is
absolutely necessary for his health.
M. A. COHEN, M. D. Further hearing was adjourned so as to give Mr. Kaplan an opportunity to get the necessary permit.

STARRED BY AN ANGRY HUSBAND. Evance, Returning Unexpectedly, Found His Wife on Marillo's Knee.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 27.-Herman Marillo, a laborer, 30 years old, is dying at his home in East Port Chester from stab wounds made by Nicholas Evanco, a Hungarian saloon keeper. Last Sunday Evanco, after starting for Greenwich, returned suddenly to his home for Greenwich, returned suddenly to his home and is said to have found his wife sitting on Marillo's knee. As he burst in on the couple Marillo attempted to escape and ran out through a rear door, but the angry husband overtook him and plunged a knife into his back. He fell and was stabbed in half a dozen more places. Evanco, supposing that his vietim was dead, fled from the scene. The friends of Evanco kept the affair accret for several hours and gave him a good chance to escape.

The Weather.

The storm which entered the lake region on Su day became very severe yesterday as it passed into the St. Lawrence Valley. It was attended by high winds over the lakes and brisk to high winds on the New England coast. Light snow fell in Illinois. Indians, Ohio, Missouri, Michigan, northern New also a sprinkling of snow in the Dakotas and Montans. In other districts the weather was fair. There was a second storm forming to the north of Montana. A cold wave pushed down over Minnesots causing a drop of 40° in temperature, which touched 4° below zero at Mooreheed and Duluth. The cold will spread eastward, but will be of moderate strength and of short duration when it reaches here.
It was colder yesterday in all the Southern States,

with frost over Florida. In this city the day was generally fair; highest temperature 38°, lowest 28°; average humidity 76 per cent.; wind southwesterly, average velocity 16 level, at 8 A. M. 29.72, S P. M. 29.70.



wase; temperature will fall 15° to 20°; southwe gales, becoming northwesterly.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania.

New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, fair; cold wave; temperature will fall 16* to 20° by night; brisk to high northwesterly winds. For western New York, western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair, decidedly colder, northwesterly gales.

16-FEAR-OLD BOY KILLS HIMSELP IN THE DEFENDER HOTEL. Had Drawn Picture of How He Was to Bud His Life by Inhaling Gas-Two Letters to

His Mother Explain the Act—He Had Been a Wayward Son—Ban Away from Home. Aubrey Shanfield, 16 years old, killed himself on Monday night in the Defender Hotel, Twenty-second street and Third avenue, by inhaling illuminating gas through a rubber tube, apparently to a fit of remorse for his way-

drowning three years ago. The boy's mother lives at 100 East Seventysixth street. Young Shanfield had been in staying away for weeks at a time. The report sent by the police of the finding of his body was the first information the mother had re ceived of him for three weeks. What he had been doing or where he had been no member of his family knows.

The boy appeared at the Defender Hotel at

11:30 o'clock on Monday night. He registered under his own name and was assigned to room 46, for which he paid 50 cents. Short-

to room 46, for which he naid 50 cents. Shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday morning Edward Maher, a waiter, in passing through the halla noticed the smell of gas coming from that room. He broke in the door and found Shanneld sitting on the floor with his back against the wail. The room was full of gas and the boy was dead. In his pockets were found two letters addressed to his mother and a sketch, apparently drawn to represent himself inhaling gas through a tube.

One letter read:

"Dear Mornes: Please bury me and forgive your wayward son. I am about to take cyanide.

The other was solled, as if he had carried it for some days. It was dated December, 1856, and broke off abruptly at the end unfinished. It read:

"Dear Mother: I have tried it over and over again, and I find it is impossible for me to live at home. Any way, I am a burden to you and give you no pleasure. I have tried to avoid this, but can't, and I am sure that if that is the case you will not trouble yourself about me. and I will be satisfied to look after myself. I know that I am a very bad boy and no belp to you-in any way. The little money that I brought in was insufficient for the trouble I caused you, and there are very slim chances of retaining my job. I wish you not to have any trouble over me, and if I am laid off I will try to see you whenever I can. You can see that I am not selfish this time, as I have only a little money and am leaving all my clothes home, and a xood home it is, which I will not have after this. But I am contented to put up with all those inconveniences.

"I am doing the best I can, and if I can't stay at home I must have some good reason, and nonly hope that you will not look on this with regret, as I will try to do my best in this position, perhaps better for both of us I will promise to try and be better. I will try and look on the will recognize"

The letter here broke off abruptly.

Joseph Shamilfeld, brother of the boy, identi-

members (of the lamin, and a will recognize"—

The letter here broke off abruptly.
Joseph Shanfield, brother of the boy, identified the body. He said that Aubrey was formerly employed by the Du Bois Manufacturing Company, at 245 Ninth avenue. He had caused his family much trouble by his wilful ways. The body was removed to his mother's

SOO CANAL TRAFFIC.

All Records Broken in the Commerce of the Great Lakes.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Dec. 27 .- Statistics have just been issued covering the traffle of the closed on Dec. 14. The record made breaks all previous years, and exceeds that of last year by 2,250,000 tons of freight. There were 21,234,664 tons of freight carried through the United States and Canadian canals, as against 18,962,755 tons in 1837. During the same period there was an increase of 1,002,821 in the registered tonnage of the craft transporting this enormous amount of freight.

The United States canal was open 241 days, or seven days longer than last year: the Canadian locks exerce open 243 days, or five days longer than last season. The number of vessels locked through the United States canal was 14,058, and through the Canadian, 3,703.

The principal items of freight were as follows: Coal. 3,776,450 tons; wheat, 02,339,996 bushels; flour, 7,778,043 barreis; other grains, 26,078,384, bushels, and iron ore, 11,708,990 tons. 21,234,064 tons of freight carried through the

Captain and Second Mate of the Knicker bocker Arraigned in New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 27 .- The arraignment of Capt. B. J. Post and Second Mate P. M. Midboe of the Cromwell liner Knickerbocker, charged with causing the death of young L. Teuch. took place to-day before Judge Boarman of the United States District Court. They waived the reading of the indictment and pleaded not guilty. The young man lost his life by drowning in the Atlantic on Nov. 6 last, while the Knickerbocker was off the coast of Virginia. Midboe is charged with having used him bru-Midboe is charged with having used him bru-taily and of having caused him to jump over-board through fear. Capt. Post is implicated in the indictment as accessory, being charged with ordering the persecution. The boy was a stowaway. Both of the accused are under \$3,500 bonds and will sail to-morrow for New York on their vessel. The Knickerbocker is due to arrive in New York on Wednesday, Jan. 4.

CRIPPLE CREEK RECORD FOR 1898. Over \$3,660,000 in Dividends, or 16 Per Cent. of the Output.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Dec. 27,-Cripple Creek gold camp in the present month has paid in dividends \$262,000. The year's total is \$2,063,-125, against \$1.262,965 for 1897. The total of dividends thus far is \$10.416,964. Last year the dividends amounted to 10 per cent. This year they exceed 16 per cent. of the output. Several big mines are owned by private individuals and are not included in this estimate.

Mining News.

Ore ranging from \$25 to \$30 per ton in gold has been found in the Black Tail mine, Republic, Wash., at a depth of 300 feet.

A full face of shipping ore, running from \$20 to \$35 per ton, has been struck in the Great Northern, Douglas Mountain, Wash. The shaft is down 150 feet.

The Bonanza, near Bossburg, Wash., is producing 100 tons of shipping ore daily. The company will build a tramway from the mine to the railway station in the spring.

Seven hundred pounds of ore from the First Shot. Jefferson county. Mon., produced 20 ounces of gold, 1,194 ounces of silver, and 65 per cent, lead, the total value being \$1,146. A large amount of this ore is said to be in sight.

The Gold Point Hydraulic Mining Company, which owns 140 acres of mineral land in the Cariboo district, British Columbia, has placed orders for \$20,000 of machinery, to be delivered during January.

The main shaft of the Horn Silver, Frisco, Utah, has been extended to the 1,600-foot level. Drifting is proceeding on that level for the ledge which shows on the 1,400-foot level. Active operations will be started next month on the Colorado, Ward district, Co. This property, which is owned by the United Mines Company, has already produced \$75,000 gold. The ore ranges from one to twelve ounces per ton. The Black Butte, near Cottage Grove, Wash, is producing quicksilver at the rate of \$30,000 per month.

Negotiations are pending for the sale of the El Callao gold mine in Venezuela to a London syndicate. This property was opened in the early seventies, and has produced about \$30,000 per month.

Negotiations are pending for the sale of the early seventies, and has produced about \$30,000 per month.

Negotiations are pending for the sale of the company, into whose hands it passed twenty years ago, it became involved in legal difficulties, which crippied operations for a long period. It is now owned by a syndicate of Holivar merchants, who bought it under process of court.

Advices from Houghton, Mich., state that nearly every mine in the Lake copper district

of court.

Advices from Houghton, Mich., state that nearly every mine in the Lake copper district is shipping copper by rail. This is an unusual condition, and shows the immense demand for copper at home and abroad.

Going to Carlsbad isn't necessary now. Carlsbad is

coming to you. At least, the health-giving part of it is. You getwevery curative quality that has made the place famous for hundreds of years, in the Carlsbad Sprudel Water and Salt. That is, you get the genuine.

Beware of the so-called "improved" or "artificial" salts offered in the market. The genuine has the signature of "Eisner & Mendelson Co., sole agents, New York," on every package. Write for pam-

LEFT SKETCH OF SUICIDE. THE WALDORF SHOE. Made in Scalekin, English Enamel French Fatent Call, Russia and Black Calfeldin and all other kinds of leather. Blirect from Our Factories. Sold Only in Our Own Stores.



1827 Broadway.
3 Park Row.
80 Nameau Street.
2182 Third Avenue, Mariom Delivered anywhere in the United States, prepaid, for \$2.75.

REAL ESTATE NEWS.

The most important item in yesterday's real estate news was the reported sale of the north-east corner of Fifth avenue and Eighty-seventh street. The property consists of a plot 50.8 feet on the avenue and 140 feet on the street running back to an alley, and a second plot 25 feet on the street by 100 feet just east of this alley. The property was purchased in 1893 by the late Lucius Gleason, a well-known banker

H. Doheney, administrator of the Gleason estate.

Julius Fleischman is reported to have paid \$150,000 for the plot, 201x110x100, on Madison avenue, the block front between 119th and 120th streets. The plot was sold some time ago by M. Bargebuhr & Son.

Henry Corn took title yesterday to the property Nos. 124 Fifth avenue and 2 West Eighteenth street, giving a mortgage for \$120,000 to Louis and Samuel Sachs on No. 2 West Eighteenth street.

teenth street.

M. & L. Hess have leased to the Elsas Paper Company for a term of ten years, for \$100,000, the six-story building on the northwest corner of Laight and Varick streets.

M. Bargebuhr & Son have sold for Charles Reily the plot on the north side of 119th street, 100 feet west of Madison avenue, 100x100, for \$40,000.

Cummings & Ferguson have sold to J. H. Haffner the two five-story flats, 27-foot fronts, Nos. 89 and 91 West 103d street. The purchase price as reported was \$76,000.

Thomas L. Reynolds has sold to a Mr. Morse for about \$12,500 the three-story high-stoop private dwelling, 17x50x100, No. 218 West 179th street. James R. Taylor has sold the four-story stone front dwelling, on lot 21x74.2, No.,167 West Thirty-fourth street.

Frederick A. Booth has sold for Mrs. M. C. Petersen the three-story brick dwelling, on lot 23x74, No. 353 West Twentieth street.

Auction Sales.

At the New York Real Estate Salesroom yesterday Philip A. Smyth sold in foreclosure the three-story frame dwelling on lot 25.6x117.7x 25.6x115.4, on the west side of Eagle avenue, 287.2 feet north of Westchester avenue, to the plaintiff, Henry M. Denton, for \$4.650.

William M. Byan sold in foreclosure six lots, each 25x100, with two three-story frame dwellings, on the south side of Zulett avenue, 125 feet east of Mapes avenue, to the plaintiff, John S. Steeves, for \$19,950.

James L. Wells sold in foreclosure the vacant plot, 75x117.11, on the south side of North Oak Drive, near its junction with Elm avenue, Williamsbridge, to the plaintiff, Alfred A. Keller, for \$1,000.

New Buildings.

New Buildings.

Plans were filed with the Department of Buildings yesterday for the following:

By Brick Presbyterian Church, owner, for construction of a gymnasium at the church elubhouse, 224 West Thirty-fifth street; architects, Cady, Berg & See; cost, \$500.

By Hyatt estate, owner, for alterations to the six-story store and loft building at 273 Canal street; architect, C. T. Berg; cost, \$3,800.

By Isaac Walker, owner, for alterations to the building at 15 West Thirtieth street; architect, F. X. O'Connor; cost, \$2,400.

By Anna Kindergen, owner, for alterations to the hotel at 2338 Second avenue; architect, W. O. Tait; cost, \$1,000.

Rent Estate at Auction.

PETER F. MEYER, Auctioneer, Will sell at auction on

TUESDAY, January 10, 1899. room, 111 Broadway. EXECUTOR'S AND TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF THE BATHGATE ESTATE

LATE PROPERTY OF CHARLES B. BECK, Deceased, BY ORDER OF

The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE.

Choice & Valuable Lots

Third, Washington, Wendover, Webster, Franklin, Bathgate, Brook, Fulton, & Arthur Aves., 136th, 144th, 171st, & 177th Sts., and St. Paul's Place,

23d and 24th Wards, New York City. 50 per cent. may remain on mortgage for one or three years at 5 per cent. interest. Titles guaranteed by The Title Guarantee and Trust Co., free of charge, to each purchaser. For book-maps, &c., apply to TURNER, McCLURE & BOLSTON, Esqs., Attorneys for Executor and Trustee, 22 William street, and at the auctioneer's

Beal Estate for Sale or Grehauge.

office, 111 Broadway.

A LL country homes our specialty: numerous bargains and exchanges in villas, cottages, farms, lots and business places. Address HENRY BRISSON CO. Real Estate and Business Exchange, 489 Palisade av., Jersey City Heights. FOR SALE, RENT OR EXCHANGE—Several houses, I two families, and double flats; all improvements; small amount cash, balance easy payments or as rent; high, healthy neighborhood in Weehawken, Hudson county. Full particulars at HENRY BRISSON CO. Real Estate and Business Exchange, 489 Palicade av., Jersey City Heighto.

To Zet for Business Burposes.

FIFTH AV., 92, near 14th st.—First floor and beasement, single room, second floor, and entire third and fourth floors, to let together or separate.

MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Pine at. TRACTBANK BUILDING, southeast corner Pearl and Beekman sta.—Two large stores, with basement, and unusually light offices at moderate runts.

MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Pine st. WALLST., 69, running through to 89 Beaver st. Light offices, with all modern conveniences low rents. MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Pine st.

Flats and Apartments Co Jet.

LARGE FLOOR (only three families in buildng, 6 rooms, with range and washtube; in good wder; 532. See janitor, 972 6th av. near 55th st. J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT, 1517 Breadway.

127TH ST., 277 AND 279 WEST.—6 rooms and bath; steam heaft 520 to 523.
134TH ST., 195 AND 197 WEST.—6 rooms and bath; steam heaft; hot water; \$20 to 523.
123D ST., 323 EAST.—Extra wide, single flat, 7 rooms and bath; \$30.
LEXINGTON AV., 1477.—5 rooms and bath; halls leasted; \$18. Apply to janitors on premises, or MACLAY & DAVIES, 44 Fine st. PARK AV. AND \$2D ST.—Elegant apartments; is recens and bath, all improvements; hall at-tendance; \$45 to \$55. Apply to janitor, 106 East \$2d st., or MACLAY & DAVIER, 44 Fine st.

Select Bened.

East Side.

25 Handsoms large and small rooms; delighted table board; reasonable.

West Stde.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED second-floor suits, 183d et.

WOMAN'S CLUB HOUSE,

41et st., 104, 106 West, Attractively furnished rooms in Woman's Club house; nurses, artists, and professional women. Ladies visiting the city accommodated; telephone service.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 211,—Two young women on find a good house with Christian family at moderate terms; good board. Mrs. SALE. 24 TH ST., 35 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; and cellent board; central location, between Broad-

Way and 6th av.

45 TH ST., 227 WEST.—Handsome, sunny alcover
square and hall rooms, dressing room, bot and
cold water, large blossts, bath, select house, superior
table and service; references. Lurnished Booms & Apartments to Let

West Side.

15TH ST., 27 WEST, mear 5th av.—Comfortably furnished rooms; second floor; large closess used bath; references.

Winter Mesorts.

Only ninety minutes away. The Finest Water Cure on the American Continent, Modelled after the Famous Charcot Institutions at Paris; Insomnia and Nervous-ness Speedily Banished. Splendid Private Baths; Model Golf Grounds, New Electric Baths superior to any in the World.

THELAKEWOOD,

World.
In recent lecture Dr. Max Mayer of New York Board
of Health said the water at The Lakewood Hotel, was scellent, while the water at another leading Lake Bates until March, from \$21 up.

T. F. SILLECK, Lessee, Lakewood, New Jersey.

Millinery and Dressmaking.

FURS.—An unusual opportunity to secure Scalakin and Sable below wholesale prices. Furs repaired. yed, exchanged. HUDSON BAY FUR COMPANY, 53 West 42d st. SEAL sucques and capes altered into fashiomable garments at lowest prices.

BABKER'S, 111 West 39th st.

Post Office Botice.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested as changes may occur at any time.)
Foreign mails for the week ending Dec. 31, 1898, will close (PROMPTLY in all cases) at the General Post Office as follows: PARCELS POST MAILS close one hour earlier than closing time shown below.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.
WEDNESDAY.—At 7.A. M. (supplementary 9.A. M.) for EUROPE, per steamship 8t. Louis. via Sonthampton (letters for Ireland must be directed "per 8t. Louis.") at 9.A. M. (supplementary 10:30 A. M.) for EUROPE, per steamship Teutonics, via Sonthampton (letters for Ireland must be directed "per 8t. Louis.") at 9.A. M. for EUROPE, per steamship Teutonics, per steamship Southwark.).

8ATURDAY.—At 5.A. M. for EUROPE, per steamship Eturnics, via Queenstown (letters for France, Europe and British India must be directed "per Eturnics"): at 7.A. M. for FRANCE, SWITZER-LAND, ITALY, SPAIN. PORTUGAL, TURKEY, EGYPT and British India must be directed "per Eturnics"; at 7.A. M. for FRANCE, SWITZER-LAND, ITALY, SPAIN. PORTUGAL, TURKEY, EGYPT and British India must be directed "per Europe must be directed "per a teamship La Normandie", via Havre (letters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per Basarndam"); at 9.A. M. for NETHERIANDS direct, per steamship bedirected "per Spaarndam"; at 9.A. M. for ITALIA, per steamship Aller, via Naples detters must be directed "per Amendral"). *PRINTED MATTER, &c.—German steamers sailing on Tuesdays take Printed Matter, &c., for Ger-many, and Specially Addressed Printed Matter, &c., for other parts of Europe. American and White Star steamers on Wednesdays, German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays take Printed Mat-ter, &c., for all countries for which they are ad-vertised to carry mail.

ter, N.C., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transactantic Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

WEST INDIES, &c.

WEDNESDAY.—At 18 A. M. for BERMUDA, per steamship Trinidad; at 10 A. M. for PORTO RICO and BANTIAGO DE CUBA, per United States transport; at 10 A. M. for SANTOS, per steamship British Prince; at 1 P. M. for CUBA, via Havana, also CAMPECHE, CHIAPAS, TABASCO and YU-CATAN, per steamship Segurances detters for other parts of Mexico must be directed "per Segurance"; at 1 P. M. for BELIZE, PUERTI OURTEZ and GUATEMALA, per steamship Jason (letters must be directed "per steamship Troja detters must be directed "per Troja"; at 1 P. M. for JAMAIOA, per steamship Navahoe; at 10 P. M. for JAMAIOA, per steamship Navahoe; at 10 P. M. for JAMAIOA, per steamship Navahoe; at 10 P. M. for JAMAIOA, per steamship Ardanross.

THURSDAY.—At 1 P. M. supplementary 1:30 P. M. for JAMAIOA, per steamship Ardanross.

PRIDAY.—At 8 A. M. for BARBADOS, per steamship Orinoco.

SATURDAY.—At 2:30 A. M. for NEWFOUNDLAND.

SATURDAY .- At 2:30 A. M. for NEWFOUNDLAND,

ATCHDAY.—At 2:30 A. M. for NEWFOUNDLAND, per steamship siberian from Philadelphia; at 10 A. M. (supplementary 10:30 A. M.) for FORTUNE ISLAND, JAMAICA, SAVANILLA and CARTHAGENA, per steamship Adirondack detters for Costa Rua must be directed "per Adirondack"; at 10:30 A. M. for CURA, per steamship City of Washington, via Havana detters must be directed "per City of Washington"; at 11 A. M. (supplementary 11:36 A. M.) for PORTO RICO, via San Juan, VENEZUELA and CURACOA, also HAVANILLA and CARTHAGENA, via Curacoa, per steamship Philadelphia.

Milla and CaliffiaGena, via Curacoa, per steamship Philadelphia.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. iconnecting close here every Monday Wednesday and Saturday). Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Fort Tampa, Fis., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 7 A. M., connecting closes here every Sunday. Wednesday and Friday. Mails for Metico City, overland, unless specially addressed for despatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 7 A. M., connecting closes here every Sunday. Wednesday and Friday. Mails for Metico City, overland, unless specially addressed for despatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 7:30 A.M. and 2:30 P. M. Registered mail closes at 6 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for the Society Islands, per ship Tropic Bird (from San Francisco), close here daily up to Dec. 25 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Empress of Japan (from Vancouver, close here daily up to Jan. 12 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Wictoris (from Tacoma) close here daily up to Jan. 12 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Mails for China Ban Francisco) close here daily up to Jan. 1 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China Ban Francisco) close here daily up to Jan. 5 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Hawaii per steamship Mairingos (from Ban Francisco) close here daily after Jac. 24 and up to Jan. 5 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Hawaii per steamship American Comments (from Ban Francisco), close here daily after Jac. 24 and up to Jan. 5 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Australia cecept these for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europei, New Zealand, Hawaii, Fili and Samoan Inlands, per steamship Mairiposa (from Ban Francisco), close here daily after Jan. 5 at 7 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6:30 P. M. Mails for Australia cecept these for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europei, New Zealand, Hawaii, Fili and Samoan Inlands, per

Bledical.

A TTENTION.—OLD DR. GRINDLE, GRADUATE UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, 35 YEARS A SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN. OLD DR. GRINDLE has been longer established and has had more experience than any other advertising physician; city pagers prove this. Under his scientific treatment blood and skin diseases, pain in bones, red spods, sore threat and mouth, ulsers, painful swellings, kidney and bladder complaints, scalding inflammation, gravel, undeveloped organs, weak back, lost vitality, are specifily permanently cured. Men about to marry should consult OLD DR. GRINDLE. Every impediment removed. Sufferers, do not waste time visiting less skilful physicians. Remember, OLD DR. GRINDLE. DLE never fails. OFFICE OVER 15 YEARS at 171 West 12th st., between 6th and 7th avs. Advice free, Medicine, \$1. Hours, 9 50 51 Sundays, 9 to 8.

OLD DR. GREY. 45 years a specialist in discuses of men only. Quickest permanent ours guaranteed in all diseases. Blood poison, skin discuses, kidney and hiadder trouble, weakness, navous debility, errors of youth, bad dreams, undeveloped organs, impediments to marriage, &c. Bewise, consult the only old specialist in the city. Office over 35 years at 120 East 17th st., near Culon Square. Hours 2 to 2; Sundays, 2 to 5. Scientific treatment and advice free. Medicine only 50 cents. No charge unless cured.

A DR. AND MRE SIMPSON, the leading special-tes in New York, successfully treat all female complaints and irregularities; 25 years' experience; private sanitarium; trained nurses; treatment guar-anteed; free connecential advice, 9 to 9, 22 Wast 27th st., near Broadway. A.—A.—Q.U.I.C.K.E.S.T. PERMANENT CURE in diseases of men; daugarous cases solic-ticd; relief at once; those desiring only first-class acientine treatment should call. The leading special-ist, Dr. Bonschur, 127 West 22d st., 9 to 3, 7 to 3, Sundays, 10 to 1.

A. DR. CONRAD'S SANITARIUM—Scientific, skil-A. ful treatment of all diseases of women; private rooms; every convenience and appliance; consulta-tions 9 a. M. to 9 P. M. Call or write for booklet, 117 West 47th st. Tel. 8326 38th. DR MRS. HOHLMANN THEATS FEMALE irreg-ularities, single, married; 30 years' experience, 711 7th av., near 48th st.

DR AND MRS. REINHARD, 26 West 27th at., 30 years' experience. M 86. GEIST, graduate midwife, boards ladiess M confidential, reliable treatment; strictly pot-vate; no sign. 387 East 50th.